## **State of South Dakota**

## EIGHTIETH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2005

916L0121	SENATE BILL NO
Introduced by:	

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to MINNEHAHA-HABITUAL OFFENDERS.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. That § 22-7-7 be amended to read as follows:
- 4 22-7-7. When If a defendant has been convicted of one or two prior felonies under the laws
- 5 of this state or any other state or the United States, in addition to the principal felony, the
- 6 sentence for the principal felony shall be enhanced by changing the class of the principal felony
- 7 to the next class which is more severe, but in no circumstance may the enhancement exceed the
- 8 sentence for a Class C felony. The determination of whether a prior offense is a felony for
- 9 purposes of this chapter shall be determined by whether it is the prior offense was a felony under
- the laws of this state or under the laws of the United States at the time of conviction of such
- prior offense. For the purpose of this section, if the principal felony is not classified it shall be
- 12 enhanced to the class which has an equal maximum imprisonment. For the purposes of this
- section, if the maximum imprisonment for the principal felony falls between two classifications,
- 14 the principal felony shall be enhanced to the class which has the less severe maximum
- 15 authorized imprisonment.
- Section 2. That § 22-7-8 be amended to read as follows:



- 1 22-7-8. If a defendant has been convicted of three or more felonies in addition to the
- 2 principal felony and one or more of the prior felony convictions was for a crime of violence as
- defined in subdivision 22-1-2(9), the sentence for the principal felony shall be enhanced to the
- 4 sentence for a Class 1 Class C felony.
- 5 Section 3. That § 22-7-8.1 be amended to read as follows:
- 6 22-7-8.1. If a defendant has been convicted of three or more felonies in addition to the
- 7 principal felony and none of the prior felony convictions was for a crime of violence as defined
- 8 in subdivision § 22-1-2(9), the sentence for the principal felony shall be enhanced by two levels
- 9 but in no circumstance may the enhancement exceed the sentence for a Class C felony. A
- defendant sentenced under pursuant to this section is eligible for consideration for parole
- 11 pursuant to § 24-15-5.
- 12 Section 4. That § 22-7-9 be amended to read as follows:
- 22-7-9. A No prior conviction may not be considered under either § 22-7-7 or 22-7-8 unless
- the defendant was, on such prior conviction, discharged from prison, jail, probation, or parole
- within fifteen years of the date of the commission of the principal offense. In addition Moreover,
- only one prior conviction arising from the same transaction may be considered.
- 17 Section 5. That § 22-7-10 be amended to read as follows:
- 18 22-7-10. Whenever any jailer, warden, or prison, probation, parole, or law enforcement
- 19 officer has knowledge that any person charged with a felony has been previously convicted
- 20 within the meaning of this chapter, it shall become his duty forthwith to report the facts that
- 21 <u>person shall provide that information</u> to the state's attorney.
- Section 6. That § 22-7-11 be amended to read as follows:
- 23 22-7-11. Any allegation that a defendant is an habitual criminal shall be filed as a separate
- 24 information at the time of, or before, arraignment. However, the court may, upon motion, permit

- 1 the separate information to be filed after the arraignment, but no less than thirty days before the
- 2 commencement of trial or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendre. The information shall state
- 3 the times, places, and specific crimes alleged to be prior convictions and shall be signed by the
- 4 prosecutor. An official court record under seal or a criminal history together with fingerprints
- 5 certified by the public official having custody thereof is sufficient to be admitted in evidence,
- 6 without further foundation, to prove the allegation that the defendant is an habitual criminal.
- 7 Section 7. That § 22-7-12 be amended to read as follows:
- 8 22-7-12. The defendant shall be apprised of the contents of the habitual offender information
- 9 and shall receive a copy of it. The habitual offender information shall may not be divulged to
- 10 the jury in any manner unless and until the defendant has been convicted of the principal
- 11 offense.
- The defendant shall also be informed of his the right to a trial by jury on the issue of whether
- 13 he the defendant is the same person as alleged in the habitual criminal information.